



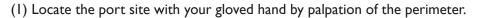
An Aseptic Accessing Technique is Essential

to maintain catheter patency and reduce infection probability

Aseptic preparation of the skin is mandatory. Skin flora from the animal and technician can cause infection which may result in catheter occlusion and loss of patency. After proper hand hygiene by washing with soapy water or alchol based foam or gel, put on sterile gloves and use a mask for the accessing procedure to maintain a sterile environment.

The port site SHOULD NOT be palpated until hand hygiene is accomplished

A. PREPARING THE SKIN





(2) Wipe the port site with a chlorohexidine based preparation or a povidone-iodine preparation three times using different swabs. Allow the site to air dry for approximately 3-4 minutes between wipes. The area prepped should extend 2" from the port center.



Wiping must occur in outwardly radiating concentric circles - continuous circular direction from the inside out - beginning at the center of the port site and working away (organisms are wiped away from the access site).

B. ACCESSING STEPS - after sterile site prep



Stabilize the port using your thumb and forefinger of your gloved hand.
 Palpate the implanted port for the "depressible" or "spongy" area at the center of the port. This is the insertion site.



2) Firmly insert the Huber point, non-coring, needle through the skin and port septum perpendicular, at a 90° angle, to the port. The needle should lie flush with the skin. Two needle lengths are available, 3/4" & 1".



(3) Advance the needle through the skin and the port septum until it contacts the bottom of the port reservoir. The needle is in the correct position when the tip touches the bottom of the port and you 'feel a click'.

NOTE:

To prevent damage to the skin and septum, the needle should not be angled nor rotated in the port septum. If the needle is not securely in the port, fluid will accumulate in the port pocket.

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VASCULAR ACCESS DEVICES

for the **VETERINARY COMMUNITY**

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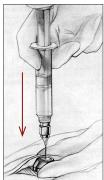
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Accessing and Maintenance Guide

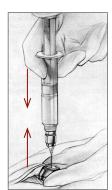


(4) Attach a 10 ml or larger syringe (to avoid excessive pressure) to the Huber point (PosiGrip™) needle hub and aspirate/withdraw the 'previous' lock solution. Observe for a blood return to verify catheter placement and confirm catheter patency. Remove the syringe. Discard lock solution and blood. If a blood return cannot be achieved reposition the needle or consult the trouble shooting guide or call 847-674-7143.

The smaller the size of the syringe, the higher the pressure that can be generated. DO NOT use smaller than a 5 ml syringe for your procedures. With an occluded catheter you could rupture the catheter with excess pressure. BE FIRM BUT GENTLE.



- (5a) Once patency has been confirmed attach a new 10ml syringe filled with sterile saline, to the same Huber point needle, and slowly infuse the tubing and port. Use a pulsatile push-stop-push motion. The pulsatile motion creates turbulent flow and may reduce the build-up of residue on the inner surface of the device.
- (5b) Attach the IV solution or medication to the Huber point needle in the port septum and begin the infusion.
- (5c) Attach a 10ml syringe filled with the flush solution/sterile saline, and flush the port and catheter vigorously. Use a pulsatile push-stop-push motion while rotating the syringe to clear the port of any residual material.



(6) After flushing the system with sterile saline, attach/fill a syringe with your lock solution - heparin saline 100 IU/ml suggested concentration - and inject your lock solution into the port. Maintain a forward motion on the syringe plunger as you remove the syringe. Positive pressure within the lumen of the catheter should be maintained to prevent reflux of blood into the catheter tip and assist with the maintenance of patency. Withdraw the syringe and discard of appropriately.

COMPANIONPORT MAINTENANCE

To reduce infection strict attention to aseptic technique is essential. If possible the catheter should be flushed and locked daily for the first 2-3 days following surgery. After this initial period, it must be flushed and locked each time it is accessed. When not in use, maintenance flushing can be done every 2-3 weeks. Flush with 4-5ml of sterile saline before locking the port system. A locking solution, with a volume to fill the port and catheter, of 100 IU/ml heparinized saline is suggested.

Approximate fill volumes of the port plus 12" of catheter:

CP100 - 0.10cc + 0.10cc = 0.20cc (small port with 12" of the 4 Fr. silicone catheter)

CP202 - 0.36cc + 0.14cc = 0.40cc (medium port with 12" of the 5 Fr. silicone catheter)

CP305 - 0.84cc + 0.39cc = 1.23cc (large port with 12" of the 7 Fr. silicone catheter)



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